Acknowledgements

We would like to express our gratitude to all those who facilitated our work during our time in Lesotho. We are especially grateful to Mr Leshele Thoahlane, the Chairman of the Independent Electoral Commission, and his colleagues at both the IEC headquarters and in the district and constituency offices who were consistently helpful in answering our many questions despite the great demands upon their time.

We also appreciate the time and effort taken by all those who briefed us on the backdrop to the election, including the representatives of political parties, the IPA, the Lesotho Council of NGOs, the media, academics, and Commonwealth High Commissioners.

Thanks are also due to the United Nations Electoral Assistance Secretariat and the representatives of the international and domestic observer groups whom we met both in Maseru and during our deployment.

We would not have been able to carry out our task without the invaluable assistance and support given by our drivers, whose local knowledge of the language, terrain and people and whose reliability under often very trying conditions made our work possible. We also wish to acknowledge the commitment and support of the Commonwealth Secretariat staff team, who made it possible for us to achieve our mandate.

A special thanks is due to one of our Group, Joram Rukambe, whose experience of the electoral process in Lesotho – gained through his observation of voter registration and work as Advance Observer – ensured that we were admirably equipped to carry out our task.

We extend our appreciation to the Rt Hon Don McKinnon, the Commonwealth Secretary-General, who gave us the opportunity to participate in the consolidation of democracy in Lesotho. Finally, we would like to thank the people of Lesotho for the warm welcome we received wherever we went.

Composition of the Commonwealth Observer Group

Sir James Mitchell KCMG (St Vincent and the Grenadines – Chairperson) Sir James Mitchell was the Prime Minister of St Vincent and the Grenadines

from 1984 to 2000. He also became the longest serving leader in office in the Caribbean and retired as Chairman of the Caribbean Community with special responsibility as lead negotiator on bananas with the European Union and the United States. He represented the Grenadines in Parliament for over 35 years and served in several ministries culminating in his country's leadership. He founded the New Democratic Party in 1975 and led successfully in four general elections. He has experience as an Election Observer in Nicaragua and Hungary and also involved in mediation exercises as representative of the Caribbean Community in Haiti, St Kitts and Nevis, and Guyana. He has authored several technical publications and three political books, namely, *Caribbean Crusade, Guiding Change in the Islands*, and A Season of Light. Sir James was educated at the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture and the University of British Columbia. He is an agronomist, hotelier, company chairman and father of four daughters.

Mrs Marie-Claude Arouff-Parfait (Mauritius)

Mrs Marie-Claude Arouff-Parfait was a Member of Parliament from November 1995 to September 2000. She represented Mauritius in the ACP-EU and was also Minister for Youth and Sports. She has also represented her country in many international forums dealing with women and equal opportunities and has also participated in various meetings of Commonwealth parliamentarians.

Dr David MacGibbon (Australia)

Dr David MacGibbon was elected to the Senate of the Australian Parliament and served as a Senator for 21 years until his retirement on 30 June 1999. He was Chairman of the Joint Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade Committee, the largest and most prestigious committee of the Australian Parliament. As well as serving as Chairman or member of many other committees he was Parliamentary adviser to the Australian Permanent Mission to the United Nations for the 1983 General Assembly. His particular interest, apart from Defence and Foreign Affairs, was Parliament as an institution and the democratic process. Before entering Parliament he was a Dental Specialist and held appointments at the Universities of London, Michigan and Queensland. Since leaving the Senate he has been actively involved with his family as a grazier in the beef cattle industry. He is married with four adult children.

Ambassador Akinjide Osuntokun (Nigeria)

Ambassador Akinjide Osuntokun is currently Professor of History and International Relations at the University of Lagos, Nigeria. He has previously taught at the Universities of the West Indies, Dalhousie, Western Ontario in Canada, and Ibadan and Maiduguri in Nigeria. He was Adviser to the Foreign Office in Nigeria and served in Canada and the United States as Education Attaché before serving as Ambassador of Nigeria in Germany, 1991-95. He is currently Adviser on Foreign Relations to Nigeria's President. He is an author of several articles and books on history, politics, environment and the international relations of Nigeria. He is a member of the Editorial Board of *Comet*, a major Nigerian newspaper, and a regular columnist. He is also Chairman of the Environmental Protection Society of Nigeria.

Mr Joram K Rukambe (Namibia)

Mr Joram K Rukambe has been Director of Elections and Chief Electoral Officer of Namibia since 1997. He was an adviser to South Africa's Independent Electoral Commission in 1994 and 1999, and has observed elections there and in Botswana and Zimbabwe. He was a consultant for the Zambia Electoral Commission during the 2002 Presidential and Parliamentary Elections.

Mr Michael Terry OBE (United Kingdom)

Michael Terry served as Executive Secretary of the British Anti-Apartheid Movement from 1975 until its dissolution following South Africa's first nonracial elections in 1994. During this period he participated in numerous United Nations, Commonwealth and other international conferences. Previously he was Deputy Director of Research of the International Defence and Aid Fund for Southern Africa. He was also involved in other nongovernmental organisations concerned with Southern Africa. He was on the Secretariat of the Liaison Group of AAMs in the EU; Secretary of the Bishop Ambrose Reeves Trust (a charity providing educational material on Southern Africa) and Vice-Chair of the Executive of the Southern Africa Coalition. He is currently Head of Physics at a secondary school in north London and takes up the post of Curriculum Leader Science at a new school this September. He chairs the London Region of the Association for Science Education. Mr Terry graduated in 1969 with a BSc in Physics from the University of Birmingham and gained a PGC in Education from King's College, London in 1996. He was National Secretary of the National Union of Students of the UK from 1971 to 1973. In 1994 he was awarded the UN Medal for his contribution to the international campaign against apartheid and in 2001 was awarded an OBE for his services to human rights.

Secretariat Support Staff

Miss Di Stafford Ms Kishwer Falkner Mr Martin Kasirye Ms Nishana Jayawickrama Miss Ama Kwaw-Swanzy Team Leader Assistant to Observers Assistant to Observers Assistant to Observers Secretary/Administrative Officer

Arrival Statement, 18 May 2002



Commonwealth Observer Group

Lesotho General Election, 25 May 2002

News Release

ARRIVAL STATEMENT BY SIR JAMES MITCHELL CHAIRPERSON OF THE COMMONWEALTH OBSERVER GROUP

We are here in Lesotho at the invitation of the Government of Lesotho and the Independent Electoral Commission. Upon receiving the invitation, the Commonwealth Secretary-General sent an Assessment Mission to Maseru earlier this month. The Mission consulted with political parties and NGOs and established that there was 'broad support for the presence of Commonwealth Observers to the General Election'. The Secretary-General subsequently confirmed his intention to send an Observer Group.

We have been invited in our individual capacities: we do not represent the views of the governments of our countries or of the Commonwealth Secretariat. The mandate set for us by the Commonwealth Secretary-General, reflects the intention of Commonwealth governments that Commonwealth observer groups should consider the various factors impinging on the credibility of the electoral process as a whole and to determine in our own judgment, based on what we see, whether the conditions exist for a free expression of will by the electors and if the results of the elections reflect the wishes of the people of Lesotho. We will report honestly and impartially on what we observe; we are concerned with the integrity and the credibility of the electoral process, *not* about who wins or loses.

We were briefed yesterday by the Chairman of the Independent Electoral Commission on preparations for the election. Over the next few days we will meet with political parties and civil society, aiming to gain as full a picture as possible of the campaign, the issues and the electoral environment as a whole. We will also observe the final rallies that will take place over the weekend. After this initial set of briefings here in Maseru, we will deploy to various districts of the country in two-person teams, where we will meet with local electoral officials, party representatives and electors. Together with other observers- both domestic and international- we will be observing advance voting on the 23 May 2002. On polling day itself we will visit as many polling stations as possible, being present for the opening of the poll, the voting, the closing and the count. We will not be everywhere but we do intend to obtain a representative sample of the election. An Advance Observer, Mr Joram Rukambe, and a Secretariat staff member arrived in

Lesotho Sun Hotel, Maseru, Lesotho Tel: (266) 313 111 (switchboard) Fax: (266) 310 104 Direct line (fax): (266) 320 018 Lesotho on 8 May and have been travelling widely throughout all areas of Lesotho since then. They have observed the preparations for these elections in all 10 districts of Lesotho and have already fully briefed me on their impressions. The Commonwealth was also present during crucial stages of the voter registration process: Mr Rukambe was part of the Commonwealth team that observed registration and display of the voter lists. I believe therefore, that we embark on our observation equipped with a full picture of the early stages of preparation for this election.

After observing the poll and the count we will regroup in Maseru where we will write our report. We will then send it from Maseru to the Commonwealth Secretary-General, who will forward it to the Government of Lesotho, the Independent Electoral Commission and to the parties who have taken part in the election. Shortly after that it will be made available to Commonwealth governments and will then be freely available for all to read.

On behalf of the Group I would like to express our honour at being present during this important election. We look forward to our mission and hope that we will be able to make a positive contribution to the strengthening of democracy in Lesotho.

Schedule of Engagements

Friday, 17 May

1045	Arrival in Maseru
1300	Welcome and Briefing by Chairman
1400	Briefing by Lesotho Congress for Democracy (LCD):
	Hon Mlalele Motaung (Secretary-General)
1500	Independent Electoral Commission: Mr Leshele Thoahlane
	(Chairman) and Mr Khothatso Ralitsie (Director of Elections)

Saturday, 18 May

0900	Arrival Press Conference, Lesotho Sun Hotel
1115	Briefing by Media Institute of Lesotho:
	Mr Khutliso Sekoati (Director)
1230	Briefing by Interim Political Authority:
	Mr Malefetsane Nkhale (Executive Secretary)
1400	Briefing by Advance Team
1515	Briefing by Basotho National Party (BNP):
	Mr Bereng Sekhonyana (Deputy Leader)
1630	Briefing by Basutoland Congress Party (BCP):
	Mr Tseliso Makhakhe
1830	Cocktail Reception

Sunday, 19 May

0900	Briefing by Lesotho People's Congress (LPC):							
	Mr Kelebone Maope (Leader)							
1015	Briefing by Lesotho Workers Party (LWP):							
	Mr Macaefe Billy (Leader)							
1100-1500	Observation of political rallies around Maseru							
1730	Briefing by Commonwealth High Commissioners:							
	HE Mr Japhet Mbongwa Ndlovu (High Commissioner,							
	South African High Commission) and Mr Matthew Forbes							
	(Deputy High Commissioner, United Kingdom High Commission)							

Monday, 20 May

0900	Briefing by the media: Ms Violet Maraisane, Lesotho News Agency; Mr Thabo Thakalekoala, Editor, Mopheme/The Survivor; Mr Bethuel Thai, <i>Public Eye</i> ; Mr Mohlomi Letsenya, Catholic
	Radio; Mr Candy Ramainoane, Moafrika radio and newspaper;
	and Mr Nthkeng Selingane, Media Institute of Lesotho
1045	Briefing by Lesotho Council of NGOs:
	Mr Steven Motsamai (Director)
1200	Briefing by UN Electoral Assistance Division and international
	observer groups
1500	Deployment Briefing

Deployment of Observers

	al Election, 25 May 2002
Ν	lews Release
COMMONWEALTH OBS	SERVERS DEPLOYED FOR ELECTIONS
Elections has met representatives c	mmonwealth Observer Group (COG) to the Genera of the Independent Electoral Commission, the Interir tical parties, non-government organizations and th
The COG observed five political rall	ies in and around Maseru last Sunday.
deployment in various districts. candidates, party officials and the They will observe both Advance Vo	it into teams consisting of two people each for The Observers will meet with electoral officials people in the districts to which they are deployed oting on 23 May and the poll on 25 May and will vis le to obtain a representative sample of the electora ly as possible, the voting process.
The teams of observers are deploye	ed in the following districts –
Maseru, Mafeteng and Berea	Sir James Mitchell, Chairman, of the Commonwealth Observer Group Miss Dianne Stafford
Butha-Buthe and Leribe	Prof Akinjide Osuntokun Ms Kishwer Falkner
Thaba-Tseka	Mr Joram Rukambe Mrs Marie-Claude Arouff-Parfait
Qacha's Nek	Mr Mike Terry Martin Kasirye
Quthing and Mohale's Hoek	Dr David MacGibbon Ms Nishana Jayawickrama
	Maser

Tel: (266) 313 111 (switchboard) Fax: (266) 310 104 Direct line (fax): (266) 320 018

Observation Notes and Checklist for Polling Station Visits

٦

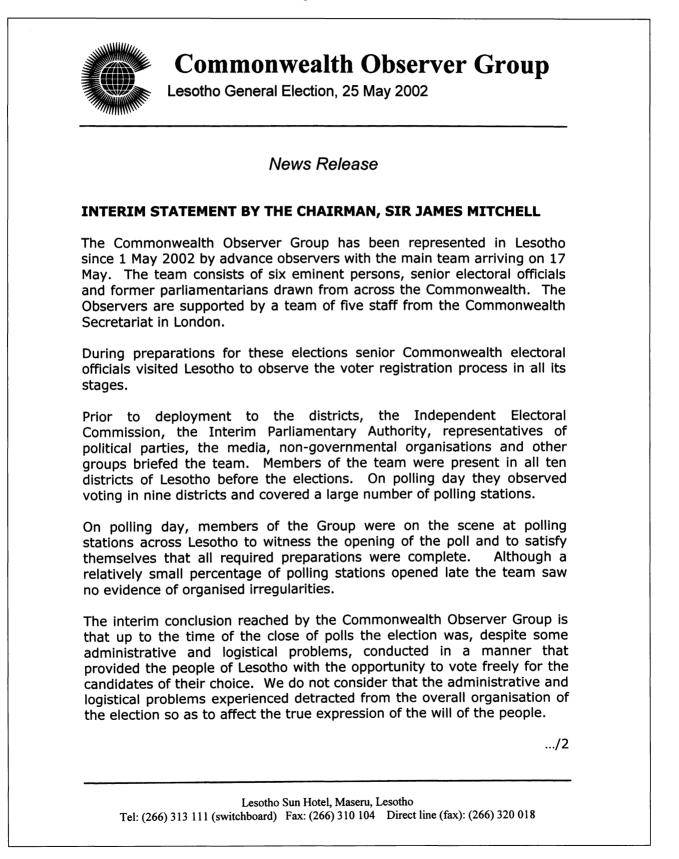
6. Complaints by No/Yes Details. Party Agents	7. Complaints by No/Yes Details: Voters	8. Domestic Observers No/Yes Details: present	 Atmosphere at Orderly? Tense? Chaotic? station? 	10. Secrecy of the Ballot Assured? Poor? Uncertain?	11. Voting	(a) Personation attempts alleged: No/Yes	(b) Multiple voting attempts alleged: No/Yes	(c) Women deterred from voting No/Yes Details:	12. Closing of Poll On time? Numbers still in queue? Procedures followed? No/Yes	13. The Count Are procedures being observed? No/Yes	14. Post Count Procedures followed? Boxes secure?	15. Apparent fairness overall? Good? Acceptable? Questionable?	16. Other Comments	
COMMONWEALTH OBSERVER GROUP - LESOTHO GENERAL ELECTION 25 MAY 2002	CHECKLIST FOR POLLING STATION VISITS Team Member(s):	Constituency: District Polling Station:	Time of Arrival: Time of Departure:	Voters in Queue:	Opening of Poll On time? Procedures followed? No?Yes No/Yes Details:			Are people able to pick up voter ID cards?	Layout and Good? Adequate? Poor? Facilities		Polling Staff Efficient? Satisfactory? Poor?	Security Presence Discreet? Intrusive? Oppressive?		

		L F	
3	COMMUNWEALTH UBSERVER GROUP - LESUTHO GENERAL ELECTION	Ë	
			The location of polling stations
	-	5	Distances travelled by voters to polling booths, particularly in rural areas.
	PART A		The procedure followed at the opening of the poll.
The	The Observers may focus particular attention on the following aspects of the	4.	The length of time voters wait to cast their votes.
		5.	The adequacy or otherwise of facilities at polling stations and their state of readiness.
.	Balance of TV/radio election coverage and extent and nature of access by party and other candidates.		Availability of adequate supplies, e.g. ballot papers, official stamps an stamp pads etc
5	Print media: nature of coverage and extent of access by the political	7.	The performance of electoral officials at the polling stations visited
er.	parties The time and content of material put out by the candidates access to		The procedures in place to ensure proper security of ballot papers, ballot boxes and official seals
; 	printing facilities	ര്	Arrangements to facilitate voting by women
4.	The conduct of political meetings/rallies (permits for public meetings?)	10.	The steps taken to ensure that the secrecy of the ballot is assured.
5.	The conduct of house-to-house canvassing of voters.	11.	The general atmosphere at the polling stations visited.
Ö	Nature, scale and effectiveness of Independent Electoral Commission and other voter education on radio and television, in the print media and by	12.	Access of party agents and domestic observers to polling stations
	other methods.	13.	Whether illiterate voters are assured of a vote in secret
7.	Activities/measures to encourage the participation of women	14.	Whether the security of ballot boxes in transit is assured.
ω̈́	Access to funds and sources of funds		
	Note: because the campaign will have effectively ended by the time you are deployed much of the evidence of the above is likely to be anecdotal	표	THE COUNT
	and/or second hand information	. .	Inspection of seals
		~	The process of reconciling the number of people who voted with the number of ballots in the boxes
		с,	The determination of invalid ballots
		4	The facilities for party agents and their representatives to witness and verify the count and overall transparency

. Does the turnout indicate that women have been deterred from attending to vote?	. Is only one person at a time being allowed into the voting compartment?	. How long are voters waiting to vote? If a long time, are some being put off?	. Will all parties be represented at the polling centres throughout voting and the count? Are agents adequately trained and vigilant?		0. Is the security presence effective/oppressive?	THE COUNT	. Are the boxes kept safe until opened? Are all parties present at the		t. Are the papers counted properly? Are counting agents present? Are they satisfied with the procedures of the count?	. Are the proper procedures followed for declaring votes as invalid?	i. Is the result of the count posted on the wall of the polling station?	TRANSPORTATION OF BALLOT BOXES	. What arrangements are made for transportation of ballot boxes to constituency and district centres?	2. Can party agents and observers follow the boxes and observe arrangements for storage overnight?	
5.	6.	٦.	œ.	6	10.	Ħ	,	5	ы.	4.	5.	ТR	. .	5	
5. Access by domestic and international observers	o. The conduct of election officers.	PART B	Questions that may be put and which you may ask yourself:	 Was the Voters' Register compiled in a satisfactory way? Were people missed out? Were the names of dead people or "phantom voters" included? 	Who are the election officials? How were they chosen? Are voters confident that they will be impartial?		discourage/encourage the participation of women and were they effective?	 Have all parties been able to campaign freely? Has the campaign been free of intimidation etc? Have all parties had full access to the mass media? 	5. Is there freedom to advertise and distribute posters, leaflets etc?	ON POLLING DAY	 Before polling starts, are the ballot boxes empty? Are they properly sealed? Are all procedures being adhered to? 	2. Are all the parties/candidates represented at polling stations? Are they	satistied with the process? 3. Are the voters apparently voting freely? Are they enthusiastic? Do they		4. Do voters understand the procedures properly? If not, are the procedures being explained fully and impartially? Are attempts being made to suggest how voters should vote?

Γ

Interim Statement, 26 May 2002



Members of the Group were present in one constituency where party agents expressed concern that boxes containing ballot papers had been opened before delivery to polling stations. This issue was resolved following discussions between IEC officials and party agents and the ballot papers eventually delivered to polling stations. The delayed commencement of voting in this constituency necessitated the extension of voting to midday on Sunday 26 May. We witnessed this continuation of voting and welcome the action of the IEC in ensuring that electors were afforded the opportunity to cast their votes

Our Observers were present for the counting of votes in several polling stations. This process was very slow, impeded by lack of light, equipment and other minor administrative issues with the result that the count in the vast majority of constituencies is not available at this time. We are, however, satisfied that, when we were present, the polling station officials were acting fairly and we welcome the assurances of party agents that they were satisfied with the conduct of the poll.

We note with some concern that the results from a limited number of constituencies were announced in the national media this morning prior to the close of voting in all constituencies.

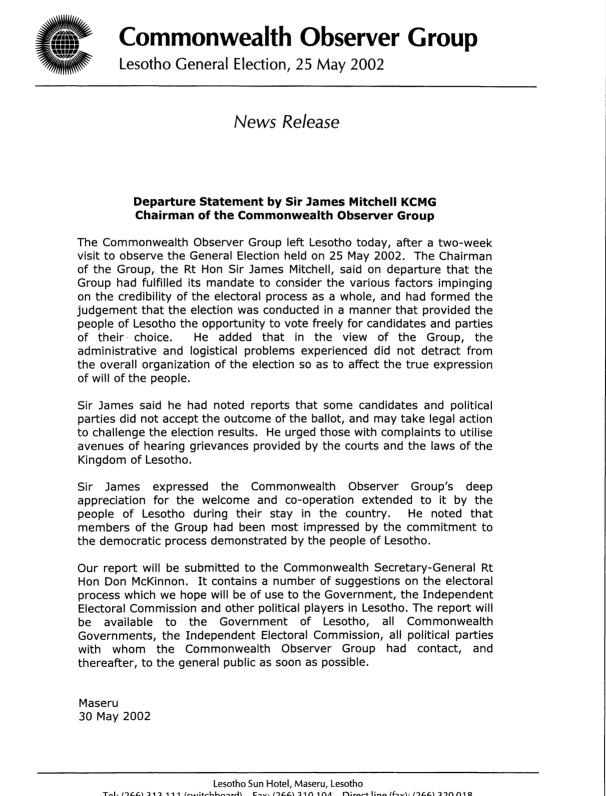
We wish to express our admiration for the voters of Lesotho who displayed quiet good humour, and great patience as they peacefully exercised their franchise.

The Group will make a final report to the Commonwealth Secretary-General in the days ahead.

Maseru, 26 May 2002

Lesotho Sun Hotel, Maseru, Lesotho Tel: (266) 313 111 (switchboard) Fax: (266) 310 104 Direct line (fax): (266) 320 018

Departure Statement, 30 May 2002



IEC Voter Education Poster

