Appendix

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I Total trade of Commonwealth countries

II and III Intra-Commonwealth trade: Exports

IV and V Intra-Commonwealth trade: Imports

VI and VII Trade of Commonwealth countries with the United Kingdom: Exports

VIII and IX Trade of Commonwealth countries with the United Kingdom: Imports

X United Kingdom imports by major commodity classes

XI Proportion of United Kingdom imports supplied by Commonwealth

countries

XII United States imports from the Commonwealth

Notes on Statistics

TABLE I
TOTAL TRADE OF COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES

£ million 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968a Exports and re-exports from: United Kingdom 6,394 4,565 4,901 5,241 5,214 2,743 5,232 2,895 3,770 Canada 3,411 . . 1,175 1,400 1,037 1,089 Australia 1,064 387 359 New Zealand 386 363 419 _ _ . . India .. 608 599 562 545 728 . . Pakistan 152 189 215 208 337 139 123 132 Ceylon 144 126 Malaysia 392 437 444 431 541 ٠. 303 326 403 524 367 Singapore Hong Kong ... 727 361 408 473 549 ٠. . . 86 91 127 Ghana 104 103 Nigeria 211 268 284 242 246 . . 235 Zambia 190 247 353 168 Malawi 17 20 20 12 14 79 100 77 78 87 Kenya 74 77 78 96 Uganda 76 97 83cTanzania 75c 69c 88c. 78 81 87 Jamaica 77 81 Trinidad & Tobago ... 185 134 134 143 150 Others 367 407 360 375 457 14,211 18,202 Total Commonwealth exports 12.015 12,713 13,785 Imports into: 7,899 United Kingdom 5,947 6,434 5,696 5,751 . . 4,758 3,661 Canada 2,458 2,852 3,259 1,107 1,198 1,564 Australia 1,022 1,153 . . New Zealand 317 354 362 321 347 930 983 1,016 1,026 India .. 1,005 Pakistan 356 373 321 393 429 . . 130 156 Ceylon 148 152 110 Malaysia 375 393 386 478 392 504 695 Singapore 401 438 468 857 Hong Kong ... 534 560 631 653 . . 126 109 127 Ghana 121 159 Nigeria 253 77 225 275 256 224 181 Zambia 105 123 183 27 30 Malawi 14 20 26 . . 149 119 123 Kenya b 88 101 57 Uganda b 46 59 68 58 . . 79c 109 Tanzania b 60c67c 80c. . 117 126 148 Jamaica 100 103 . . Trinidad & Tobago ... 173 152 170 161 150 . . 699 Others 518 498 568 482 20,108 Total Commonwealth imports 13,705 14,585 15,140 16,304

a Actuals, or annual rates based on latest data.

b Net imports. See Notes on Statistics.

c Tanganyika only.

TABLE II
INTRA-COMMONWEALTH TRADE
Exports to other Commonwealth countries

£ million

	 	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
United Kingdom	 	1,249	1,335	1,297	1,219	1,390
Canada	 	537	529	528	574	675
Australia,,	 	395	371	385	399	472
New Zealand	 	222	212	258	204	215
India	 	205	192	137	166	185
Pakistan	 	53	62	65	61	80
Ceylon	 	64	62	50	55	58
Malaysia		162	176	176	162	193
Singapore	 1	197	203	201	198	238
Hong Kong	 	141	137	145	163	210
Ghana		21	20	12	25	34
Nigeria	 	88	107	120	83	78
Zambia	 	66	80	86	70	104
Malawi	 	9	10	11	15	14
Kenya	 	46	49	51	51	62
Uganda	 	28	30	32	38	44
Tanzania	 	41 <i>b</i>	39 <i>b</i>	496	50 <i>b</i>	56
Jamaica	 	42	37	39	37	35
Trinidad & Tobago	 	51	42	39	40	46
Others	 	254	265	219	216	241
Total	 	3,871	3,958	3,900	3,826	4,430

a Actuals, or annual rates based on the latest data.

TABLE III

INTRA-COMMONWEALTH TRADE

Exports to other Commonwealth countries as percentage of each country's total exports

		1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
United Kingdom	 	28	28	25	23	22
Canada	 	20	18	15	15	13
Australia	 1	37	38	36	34	34
New Zealand	 	57	58	56	57	51
India	 	35	33	30	30	25
Pakistan]	36	33	30	29	24
Ceylon	 	46	44	41	45	44
Malaysia	 	41	40	41	37	36
Singapore	 	66	63	51	49	45
Hong Kong	 	39	34	31	30	29
Ghana		20	20	23	27	27
Nigeria	 	42	40	40	34	32
Zambia	 	39	42	35	30	30
Malawi	 	75	71	65	72	70
Kenya	 	61	64	58	64	62
Uganda		38	41	41	48	46
Tanzania		54a	58a	60a	61 <i>a</i>	58
Jamaica	 	54	48	47	45	40
Trinidad & Tobago	 1.1	38	32	28	27	25
Others	 	68	65	59	67	68
Total	 	31	32	28	28	24

a Tanganyika only.

b Tanganyika only.

Table IV
INTRA-COMMONWEALTH TRADE
Imports from other Commonwealth countries

£ million

		1964	1965	1966	1967	1968 <i>a</i>
United Kingdom		1,706	1,673	1,590	1,574	1,792
Canada	 	311	315	338	351	420
Australia.		402	441	401	428	559
New Zealand		220	240	244	209	220
India	 	199	191	162	189	163
Pakistan	 	75	80	73	88	142
Ceylon	 	54	44	55	46	54
Malaysia	 	180	195	197	174	211
Singapore	 	206	221	229	220	275
Hong Kong		120	117	122	128	165
Ghana	 1	44	49	42	40	50
Nigeria	 - : :	94	100	93	78	78
Zambia	 	47	62	58	63	76
Malawi	 	10	15	17	9	17
Kenya	 	41	44	59	58	70
Uganda	 	28	37	37	33	40
Tanzania.	 	35b	39 <i>b</i>	44 <i>b</i>	40 <i>b</i>	53
Jamaica	 	45	45	47	48	54
Trinidad & Tobago	 	43	46	44	38	41
Others	 	243	256	231	245	278
Total	 	4,103	4,210	4,083	4,059	4,758

a Actuals, or annual rates based on the latest data.

TABLE V
INTRA-COMMONWEALTH TRADE
Imports from other Commonwealth countries as percentage of each country's total imports

			1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
United Kingdom			30	29	27	24	23
Canada			13	11	10	10	9
Australia.			39	38	36	36	36
New Zealand			69	68	67	65	63
India			20	19	17	19	16
Pakistan			21	21	22	22	33
Ceylon			37	40	37	35	35
Malaysia			48	50	50	45	44
Singapore			51	51	53	44	46
Hong Kong		::	22	21	19	20	19
Chana		::	36	31	29	36	39
Nigeria			37	36	34	38	37
Zambia			61	59	47	34	42
Molowi	• •		71	73	81	66	57
Kenya		• • •	47	44	43	48	47
Uganda	• •	• • •	61	65	64	59	59
Tanzania	• •	• •	58 <i>a</i>	59a	55a	50a	48
Iamaiaa			45	43	40	38	37
Trinidad & Tobago		• •	28	27	28	26	24
Others		• • •	44	44	46	46	50
Others	• •		44	74	40	-+0	
Total			30	29	27	25	24

a Tanganyika only.

b Tanganyika only.

TABLE VI
TRADE WITH UNITED KINGDOM

Exports of other Commonwealth countries to the United Kingdom

£ million

	 		1964	1965	1966	1967	1968 <i>a</i>
Canada	 		399	392	374	389	473
Australia	 		214	184	172	156	200
New Zealand	 		188	175	218	161	153
India	 		126	110	94	107	118
Pakistan	 		20	25	25	27	40
Ceylon	 		40	38	31	36	36
Malaysia	 		35	32	31	27	37
Singapore	 		16	16	15	23	33
Hong Kong	 	!	64	57	64	74	97
Ghana	 	1	16	14	14	19	25
Nigeria	 		80	101	109	72	68
Zambia	 		54	72	80	64	97
Malawi	 		5	7	8	11	1.1
Others	 		221	212	196	200	226
Total	 		1,478	1,435	1,431	1,366	1,614

a Actuals, or annual rates based on the latest data.

Table VII
TRADE WITH UNITED KINGDOM

Proportion of each country's total exports sent to United Kingdom

per cent

	 		1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
Canada	 		15	14	11	10	9
Australia	 		20	18	16	13	14
New Zealand	 		49	48	42	45	37
India	 		21	18	17	20	16
Pakistan	 		13	13	12	13	12
Ceylon	 		29	26	25	29	27
Malaysia	 		9	7	7	6	7
Singapore	 		5	5	4	6	6
Ghana	 		15	13	17	21	20
Nigeria	 		38	38	38	30	27
Zambia	 		32	38	32	27	27
Malawi	 		42	50	49	52	55
Hong Kong	 		18	14	14	13	13
Others	 		28	26	23	24	22
Total	 		19	18	17	15	14

TABLE VIII
TRADE WITH UNITED KINGDOM

Imports of other Commonwealth countries from the United Kingdom

£ million 1968a Canada ... Australia.. New Zealand India Pakistan . . Ceylon Malaysia Singapore . . ٠. Ghana Nigeria Zambia ... Malawi . . Hong Kong Others Total 1.295 1.419 1.349 1,267 1,507

TABLE IX

TRADE WITH UNITED KINGDOM

Proportion of each country's total imports supplied by United Kingdom

per cent Canada ... Australia.. New Zealand 7 India ٠. Pakistan Ceylon . . Malaysia . . Singapore Ghana Nigeria ... 27 Zambia Malawi ٠. Hong Kong Others .. Total . .

a Actuals, or annual rates based on the latest data.

 $\label{eq:Table X} \textbf{UNITED KINGDOM IMPORTS BY MAJOR COMMODITY CLASSES}$

£ million

		·····			
	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
Food, beverages and tobacco	1,771	1,708	1,712	1,762	1,904
of which:					
Meat	368	368	374	372	399
Dairy products	215	208	195	208	200
Grain	219	232	222	222	232
Fruit and vegetables	283	288	313	325	349
Sugar	144	103	106	103 171	105
Coffee, cocoa, tea, spices	169	156	160	89	192
Tobacco	91	84	85	89	117
Basic materials	1,119	1,109	1,061	1,012	1,210
Hides and skins	57	56	67	51	63
Oilseeds, oilnuts and kernels	48	49	45	37	41
D . L L	50	47	46	44	48
Wood	218	220	194	192	231
Pulp and waste paper	137	139	134	126	156
Wool	161	131	124	112	114
Cotton	65	54	54	43	58
Metal ores and scrap	185	202	189	203	268
Animal and vegetable oils and	100	202	.07	201	
fats	54	64	63	63	68
Fuels and lubricants	584	609	625	729	905
Manufactured goods	2,161	2,253	2,471	2,844	3,773
Chemicals	252	283	294	329	416
Wood manufactures	66	70	66	81	96
Paper and manufactures	132	123	133	155	185
Textiles	177	152	159	182	231
Iron and steel	106	78	88	120	155
Non-ferrous metals	328	367	421	380	568
Machinery	454	497	580	696	869
Transport equipment	90	109	101	172	320
Total value of imports	5,696	5,751	5,947	6,434	7,899

TABLE XI

PROPORTION OF UNITED KINGDOM
IMPORTS SUPPLIED BY COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES

per cent

					1
	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
Food, beverages and tobacco	42	43	39	38	37
	33	36	31	25	29
Meat Dairy products	56	55	51	49	50
Grain	45	41	36	32	30
Fruit and vegetables	27	28	26	26	26
Sugar	70	88	85	84	86
Coffee, cocoa, tea, spices	79	79	78	80	74
Tobacco	47	52	33	38	34
Basic materials	37	35	34	33	32
Hides and skins	21	20	18	15	17
Oilseeds, oilnuts and kernels	72	73	68	61	59
Rubber	70	67	63	62	64
Wood	28	30	26	27	22
Pulp and waste paper	11	11	11	11	11
Wool	64	57	54	55	51
Cotton	7	5	9	8	8
Metal ores and scrap	35	34	32	34	36
Animal and vegetable oils and					
fats	53	49	55	48	55
Fuels and lubricants	9	11	9	6	3
Manufactured goods	22	21	20	18	18
Chemicals	10	10	10	11	9
Wood manufactures	21	20	22	23	23
Paper and manufactures	27	25	24	23	23
Textiles	31	32	31	29	29
Iron and steel	12	8	9	8	8
Non-ferrous metals	56	54	48	51	51
Machinery	6	. 5	5	5	4
Transport equipment	6	3	5	2	2
Total	30	29	27	24	23

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table XII \\ UNITED STATES IMPORTS FROM THE COMMONWEALTH a \\ \end{tabular}$

\$U.S. million

	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968 <i>b</i>
Meat and meat products	220	205	290	305	364
from Australia	132	113	178	191	215
from New Zealand	54	38	61	73	98
Fish and fish products	159	197	218	209	266
from Čanada	122	139	146	135	169
Cocoa or cocoa beans	79	75	52	68	85
from Ghana	60	43	26	40	. 56
from Nigeria	15	27	22	23	23
Whisky	257	294	322	360	367
from United Kingdom	159	185	201	230	235
Rubber, crude and latex	83	76	86	99	111
from Malaysia $c \ldots \ldots$	70	66	56	67	72
Wood, unmanufactured	365	374	395	388	547
from Canada	352	361	379	375	531
Wood pulp	347	369	392	366	401
from Canada	347	369	392	366	401
Wool, unmanufactured	113	152	153	104	112
from Australia	46	73	74	57	53
from New Zealand	51	45	50	27	34
Iron and steel making raw		_			
materials	275	297	320	316	351
from Canada	275	296	305	310	345
Chemical and related products	262	306	355	404	470
from Canada	192	221	253	270	294
Newsprint paper	724	762	859	832	818
from Canada	724	762	859	832	818
Cotton manufactures d	83	121	127	124	150
from Hong Kong d	58	74	79	83	104
Wool manufactures d	82	89	84	87	100
from United Kingdom d	58	47	40	38	41
Jute and manufactures	162	182	200	183	192 153
from India	141	157	161 207	149 204	360
Steel mill products	166	183		102	201
from Canada	106	91	104	102	201
Non-ferrous metals, including					
ores and manufactures	84	80	167	222	326
from Canada		61	116	174	220
371 1 1	127 66	168	187	214	240
form Consider	137 134	166	183	209	235
Alexandrations	200	258	283	290	370
from Canada	113	146	168	172	234
form Indian	83	94	97	101	93
T:	89	136	104	106	138
from Malaysia	78	130	95	101	131
Agricultural machinery and	'6	124	/3	'''	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	150	181	226	243	218
from Canada	130	163	205	221	197
Electrical machinery and	143	103	203		
apparatus	119	164	267	311	386
from United Kingdom	35	40	64	71	81
Other machinery	243	348	556	622	760
from United Kingdom	109	166	239	243	268
New automobiles	117	150	485	921	1,369
from United Kingdom	99	90	115	103	125
from Canada	18	60	370	818	1,244
	I———				
Total imports of all commodities	7.102	7.040	10.065	10.950	12 142
from the Commonwealth	7,102	7,940	10,065	10,859	13,142
from all countries	118,318	120,844	l 24,786	25,992	32,170

a Imports for domestic consumption.

b Estimated.

c Includes Singapore.

d Including made-up articles and clothing.

NOTES ON STATISTICS

GENERAL.

1. Symbols used in tables

- .. not available
- nil or negligible

2. Sources of Statistics

Official national publications or direct from governments, except in the case of the table on world trade by major areas which is based mainly on data published in International Financial Statistics by the International Monetary Fund.

3. Definition of area headings

Commonwealth. Self-governing members of the Commonwealth and associated and dependent territories, as at December 1968. External trade of the constituent parts is defined by the political boundaries; as far as possible the trade of Malaysia is shown net of intra-Malaysian trade, trade of the East African Customs Area is grossed up to give the trade of Kenya, Uganda and Tanzania separately.

European Economic Community: Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg France, West Germany, Italy. Associated overseas territories and associate members are not included

European Free Trade Association: Continental members Austria, Denmark, Norway, Portugal, Sweden and Switzerland. Dependencies and Finland, which is an associate member, are not included. This group is described as EFTA (Continental) in the tables.

Eastern Europe: Soviet Union, Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, Rumania.

4. Definitions of commodity headings

The standard groups generally used in the tables of commodity imports into countries cover the following items as defined under the Standard International Trade Classification (Revised): Food (S.I.T.C. 0); Beverages and tobacco (S.I.T.C. 1); Basic materials and base metals (S.I.T.C. 2, 4, 67 and 68); Mineral fuels and lubricants (S.I.T.C. 3); Machinery and transport equipment (S.I.T.C. 7); Other manufactures (S.I.T.C. 5, 8, and 6, less 67 and 68).

5. Period of trade

Calendar years unless otherwise stated. Statistics for certain countries have been adjusted as necessary from financial to calendar years where the figures are included in Commonwealth totals for calendar years. All 1968 data are provisional.

6. System of trade

Exports usually refer to total exports, which are domestic exports plus re-exports. Direct transit trade, consisting of goods entering the national territory for the purpose of passing to some other country, is usually excluded from the figures of both exports and imports. Imports and exports are normally recorded at the point at which goods enter into or pass beyond the control of the national government. These are known as "General Trade" statistics.

7. Valuation of trade

Unless otherwise stated in the Country Notes below, exports are valued f.o.b. and imports c.i.f.

8. Coverage of trade

Figures are for merchandise trade only, including trade on government account and postal trade. Gold, in the form of coin, bullion, unworked gold ores and partly worked gold, is excluded and, wherever practicable, settlers' effects, tourist purchases, ships' and aircraft stores and bunkers are also excluded. Exports of gold from Australia and Ghana are shown separately in the respective country sections but are excluded from export totals. Most countries exclude, from their export and import statistics, stores and equipment for armed forces and goods for diplomatic missions.

9. Terms of trade

The export price index as a percentage of the import price index.

10. Rates of exchange

The data given below show exchange rates in national currency units per one pound sterling, before and after devaluation of the latter on 18th November 1967.

			Before devaluation	After devaluation
Canada			£1 = $C3 \cdot 0270$	£1 = $8C2 \cdot 5946$
Australia, Papu Guinea, Briti Solomon Isla	sh	uru	£1 = $\$A2 \cdot 5$	$£1 = $A2 \cdot 1429$
New Zealand a			£1 = $NZ2 \cdot 0137$	£1 = $NZ2 \cdot 1429$
India			£1 = $Rs21 \cdot 0$	£1 = $Rs18 \cdot 0$
Pakistan			$£1 = Rs13 \cdot 3333$	£1 = $Rs11 \cdot 1885$
Ceylon			$£1 = Rs13 \cdot 3333$	$£1 = Rs14 \cdot 2857$
Malaysia b			£1 == $M8.5714$	£1 = $M7 \cdot 3469$
Singapore b			£1 = $\$58 \cdot 5714$	£1 = $\$S7 \cdot 3469$
Hong Kong c			$£1 = $HK16 \cdot 0$	£1 = $HK14 \cdot 5455$
Ghana d			£1 = New Ce2 \cdot 8571	$£1 = New Ce2 \cdot 4490$
Nigeria			£1 = £N1	£1 = £N0.8571
Sierra Leone			£1 = Le2	£1 = Le2
The Gambia			$\mathbf{fl} = \mathbf{fGl}$	£1 = £G1
Zambia e			£1 = £Z1	£1 = £Z0.8571
Malawi			£1 = £M1	£1 = £M1
Kenya			£1 = 20 shg. K	£1 = $17 \cdot 1429$ shg. K
Uganda			£1 = 20 shg. U	£1 = $17 \cdot 1429$ shg. U
Tanzania			£1 = 20 shg. T	£1 = $17 \cdot 1429$ shg. T
Botswana			£1 = R2	$£1 = R1 \cdot 7143$
Lesotho			£1 = R2	$£1 = R1 \cdot 7143$
Swaziland			£1 = $R2$	£1 == $\mathbb{R}1 \cdot 7143$
Mauritius			$£1 = Rs13 \cdot 3333$	$£1 = Rs13 \cdot 3333$
Cyprus			£1 = £C1	£1 = £C1

		Before devaluation	After devaluation
Malta		$\mathfrak{L}1 = \mathfrak{L}M1$	£1 = £M1
Jamaica		$\mathfrak{L}1 = \mathfrak{L}J1$	£1 = £J1
Trinidad & Tobag	о	£1 = $TT4 \cdot 8$	$£1 = \mathbf{\$TT4} \cdot 8$
Guyana		£1 = $G4 \cdot 8$	£1 = $G4 \cdot 8$
Barbados		$£1 = EC4 \cdot 8$	£1 = $EC4 \cdot 8$
British Honduras		£1 = $BH4 \cdot 0$	£1 = $BH4 \cdot 0$
Bahamas		£1 = $B2 \cdot 8571$	£1 = $B2 \cdot 4490$
Leeward Is. and			
Windward Is.		£1 = $EC4 \cdot 8$	$£1 = EC4 \cdot 8$
Brunei $b \dots \dots$		$£1 = \$B8 \cdot 5714$	$£1 = \$B7 \cdot 3469$
Fiji f		$\mathfrak{L}1 = \mathfrak{L}F1 \cdot 11$	$£1 = £F1 \cdot 045$
Seychelles		$\mathfrak{L}l = 1Rs13 \cdot 3333$	$£1 = Rs13 \cdot 3333$

- a The New Zealand dollar was introduced in July 1967 at the rate of $NZ=£NZ1 (£1=£NZ1 \cdot 0069)$.
- b The Malaysia, Singapore and Brunei dollars replaced the former Malayan dollar in June 1967 without a change in par value.
- c Devalued to the same extent as sterling on 18th November but revalued to £1=\$HK14.5455 on 22nd November.
- d In February 1967 the New Cedi replaced the Cedi at rate of 1·2 old Cedis per New Cedi; in July 1967 the New Cedi was devalued from a rate of £1=New Ce2·0 to a rate of £1=New Ce2·8571.
- e A new currency unit, the Kwacha, was introduced in January 1968 at the rate of 2 Kwachas = £Z1.
- f Devalued to the same extent as sterling on 18th November but revalued to £1=£F1.045 on 26th November. A new currency unit, the Fijian dollar, was introduced in January 1969 at the rate of 2 dollars = £F1.

COUNTRY NOTES

United Kingdom

Exports exclude:

- (1) used clothing and household goods exported by charitable organisations;
 - (2) aircraft, other than newly constructed.

Imports exclude:

- (1) certain atomic materials such as uranium ore and concentrates;
- (2) aircraft, other than newly constructed.

Canada

Exports are normally valued f.o.b. point of consignment in Canada. This valuation approximates about 95 per cent of the normally accepted definition of f.o.b. value.

Imports are normally valued f.o.b. point of consignment to Canada and the statistical value of imports is usually the value as determined for customs duty purposes. This valuation is equivalent to just over 90 per cent of normal c.i.f. value.

Imports exclude:

- (1) ships of British construction and registry for use in Canada;
- (2) ships purchased for use in foreign trade.

Australia

Exports are recorded at transaction value f.o.b. with a theoretical value for goods shipped on consignment.

Imports are recorded at transaction value f.o.b. or domestic value f.o.b. whichever is the higher. "Domestic value" is the value of similar goods on sale for cash for domestic consumption in the country of export.

Exports exclude uranium and certain materials for inter-governmental defence projects.

New Zealand

Exports f.o.b.; detailed import statistics are valued at the current domestic value in the country of export (c.d.v.) which is the basis of most of the New Zealand import statistics in this publication.

Exports exclude:

- (1) goods shipped overseas by relief organisations;
- (2) ships on their own bottoms.

Pakistan

Exports and imports exclude:

- (1) silver coin and bullion;
- (2) letter and parcel post.

Ghana

Exports and imports exclude ships and aircraft purchased or sold abroad and not manifested as cargo.

Kenya, Uganda, Tanzania

Direct imports are goods imported from outside the East African Customs Area and entered for consumption or warehousing in either the country of actual import or in either or both of the other two countries, together with imports of the local produce of the other two countries.

Net imports are direct imports, as defined above, to which have been added or from which have been deducted imports from outside East Africa subsequently transferred interterritorially. The valuation of these adjustments is c.i.f. point of entry to the East African Customs Area. Both direct and net imports include goods entered for consumption or warehousing which are subsequently re-exported outside the East African Customs Area.

Domestic exports as shown in this report include domestic exports to the other two East African countries as well as outside East Africa.

Exports include re-exports of non-East African goods to points outside East Africa, but exclude trade in non-East African goods between East African countries. This trade is mainly in goods destined for Uganda and northern parts of Tanganyika shipped via Mombasa. It is measured by the difference in value between direct and net imports of Kenya.

Exports by parcel post are excluded but imports under this heading are included.

Zambia and Malawi

Exports and re-exports are valued f.o.r. place of despatch.

Imports are valued f.o.b. or f.o.r. place of despatch.

Rhodesia

The United Nations mandatory sanctions on trade with Rhodesia were put on a comprehensive basis by Security Council Resolution 253 of May, 1968.